

TO HEAD OFF ALIEN REDS HASTENING TO BORDERS TO EVADE U.S. DRAGNET

Means of Escape to Mexico and Canada Were Reported to Be Shut Off as Soon as It Was Learned That Members of Communist and Communist Labor Parties Were Heading in Those Directions.

CONGRESS IS ASKED FOR FIGHT FUNDS

The War Department Offers Camp Upton to Relieve the Congestion of Ellis Island, and Another Place in Middle West Will Probably Be Chosen.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—Federal agents are continuing to comb the country for radicals who are known to champion a movement to overthrow the government. Means of escape has been shut off by a close watch of the Mexican and Canadian borders, where some of the radicals were reported headed in an effort to evade the dragnet spread over the country to entrap members of the communist and communist labor parties.

The department of justice has called upon Congress for support in the campaign to rid the nation of syndicalism by providing appropriations to meet the legal battle which is considered in the final stages of deportation proceedings. It was declared that the radicals are supported by a big "slush fund" and an army of legal talent which must be overcome if the government's campaign is to bear fruit.

The war department has agreed to co-operate in furnishing Camp Upton as a detention camp to relieve the congestion at Ellis Island and another camp probably will be established in the middle west to quarter the radicals until arrangements are made to send a small fleet of "soviet arks" across the seas.

HEARINGS AT ELLIS ISLAND

Of Radicals Who Were Seized in Last Week's Raids.

New York, Jan. 6.—Department of justice operations faced increased difficulties today in their warfare on anarchists because the "comrades," frightened by the raids Friday and last night, have "taken to cover" in anticipation of further activities.

Deportation hearings for 448 radicals held at Ellis Island as a result of last week's raids commenced today. Fifty more, arrested at Trenton, N. J., will be taken to the island before night.

Fourteen men were held today at police headquarters. A number of others, arrested during the night, were released after being questioned.

Byron H. Uhl, acting commissioner of immigration at Ellis Island, said today that he had made no request for the use of Camp Upton for concentration of radicals and that there was ample space on the island unless the number arrested should run into the thousands.

RAFAEL MALLEN ARRESTED.

Soon After Big Bill Haywood Surrendered to Police.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Federal authorities today had in custody Rafael Mallen, a statistician for the federal trade commission, in connection with the national drive on radicals.

William D. ("Big Bill") Haywood, secretary of the Industrial Workers of the World, who has been sought several days by state authorities on an unnamed charge, surrendered last night. Haywood was released on bond and was able to appear in federal court today for his appeal from the sentence to a federal prison imposed for violation of the espionage law. The appeal of Victor L. Berger from a similar sentence on the same charge also was up for hearing today.

Mallen was seized immediately upon his return from Mexico. He was charged with being a member of the communist party. In 1917 he was confined in the Camp Grant military prison as a conscientious objector.

NO CAMPS ASKED FOR.

Declared Commissioner General of Immigration Carmichael.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—No request for the use of camps or soldiers to handle the aliens arrested in the recent raids has been made to the department of labor, Anthony Carmichael, commissioner general of immigration, declared today.

The radicals will be tried in the district in which they were arrested and then sent to New York for deportation, Mr. Carmichael said.

CHICAGO COAL JUMPS.

Retail Dealers Claim 60 Cents a Ton Raise Necessary.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Retail coal dealers today announced an increase of 60 cents a ton on coal, effective next week. Dealers said it was necessary to increase the retail price or suspend business since the cost of operation now exceeds their gross proceeds.

BOLSHEVIK ARMY ABANDONS DVINSK

Driven Out by Polish and Letvian Forces and the Latter Continue Advance on the Dvina.

London, Jan. 6.—The bolshevik army has evacuated the city of Dvinsk, on the Dvina, it is admitted in a Russian soviet communique received by wireless from Moscow today. The place was abandoned under enemy pressure, the statement says.

The Letvian and Polish armies which are engaged in the campaign on this front continued yesterday their advance along the Pskov railway after the capture of Dvinsk, according to official advices to the Letvian legation here.

It is expected to open rail communications at once between Riga and Dvinsk, and it was stated at the legation that the first train from Riga to Dvinsk would probably leave Riga today, thus establishing direct communications with Poland.

The population of Dvinsk, the advices state, enthusiastically welcomed the occupying troops.

Dispatches from Copenhagen yesterday reported the breaking of the bolshevik front on the Dvina through attacks by Letvian troops. The bolsheviks were reported to be retreating rapidly and it was announced that the Letvians were within a few kilometers of Dvinsk. The Letvian bureau in Copenhagen announced that the Letvians were supported on the right wing by the Polish army. The joint operations, it was stated, aimed at the liberation of East Lettland from the bolsheviks.

DISASTER THREATENS EUROPE.

As Result of Policy of Allies, Declares Ludendorff.

Paris, Jan. 6.—Disaster threatens Europe as a result of the policy adopted by the allied nations, in the opinion of General Ludendorff, former commander-in-chief of the German armies, an interview with whom is printed in today's Matin. General Ludendorff refused to talk on the internal situation in Germany created by the Versailles treaty, when asked to do so by the newspaper's Berlin correspondent.

"After the shameful treatment which Germany has endured from the entente," he said, "I must refuse to publish anything in the entente press. If in our final ruin, which is coming, the entente nations are dragged along with us, they will have none to blame except themselves. Sooner or later, a terrific catastrophe will strike Europe, and it will be because of the short-sighted policy of the entente."

NAVAL MEDAL AWARDS TO BE INVESTIGATED

Senate Naval Affairs Committee Voted for Such Action, 10 to 1, with Senator Walsh Voting in the Negative.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—The Senate naval affairs committee voted, 10 to 1, today to authorize investigation by a sub-committee of five of the controversy over awards of medals to naval officers for war service. Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Montana, voted against the resolution.

NEW RAILROAD CRISIS.

Threatens England Through Dissatisfaction Over Government's Offer.

London, Jan. 6.—Apprehension is felt by government officials and labor leaders over what appears to be an impending railroad crisis in England. Delegates of the local unions will meet in conference tomorrow, and it seems almost certain the government's offer in settlement of the wage controversy with men in lower grades of the service will be rejected.

VIENNA IS CUT OFF.

By Heavy Snowfalls Which Hinder Entente Trains.

Paris, Jan. 6 (French Wireless Service).—Transportation delays are making the coal situation in Vienna daily more acute, according to advices from the French mission in that city. Entente trains, intended to relieve the shortage, have been held up by heavy snowfalls, so that Vienna is now completely cut off from the rest of the world.

SUNKEN GERMAN SHIPS WILL BE BLOWN UP

This Decision Was Reached After Investigation by Special Commission Representing All the Allies.

London, Jan. 6.—German warships sunk by their officers in Scapa Flow will be blown up shortly, it was stated here today. The decision to dispose of the vessels in this way followed the completion of investigations by a special commission representing all the allies. Experts employed by the navy department of the British admiralty spent several weeks taking soundings in Scapa Flow, and the information they furnished the commission was used as a basis to determine whether the ships should be raised or destroyed.

The decision, announced by the foreign dispatch to blow up the German ships sunk in Scapa Flow apparently disposes finally of a question which has caused much discussion and speculation in all of the allied countries.

Scuttling of the units of the German fleet interned at Scapa Flow occurred on June 21, 1919, and was carefully arranged by officers and crew. Nine battleships, five battle cruisers, eight light cruisers and numerous smaller craft were sunk, while others were ashore in a half smokes condition.

LEAGUE OF RED CROSS SOCIETIES.

Will Hold Its First Meeting of General Council March 2.

Geneva, Jan. 6 (French Wireless Service).—Henry P. Davison, chairman of the League of Red Cross Societies, has issued a call for the first meeting of the general council of the league to be held at Geneva on March 2. Representatives of 28 countries will be present.

MAY SIGN PEACE NEXT SATURDAY

That Is Date Now Fixed for the Ceremonies in Paris

Paris, Jan. 6.—There is every indication now in supreme council circles that the peace protocol will be signed by Germany and ratifications of the treaty of Versailles exchanged on the coming Saturday, Jan. 10, the date tentatively set by the council yesterday.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS MEETS WEEK LATER

Germany Applies for a Reduction of Allied Forces in Plebiscite Areas

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The council of the league of nations, it is understood, will be called to meet about a week later.

An application from the German representatives here for a reduction in the number of troops to be sent to the areas in which plebiscites are to be taken under the peace treaty has been received by the supreme council. Germany will have to bear the expense of maintaining these troops, and her representatives complain that the cost will be excessive. So heavy an expenditure is not necessary, it is asserted.

The council, it is learned, will reply that inasmuch as the United States has not supplied its quota of troops, which was to constitute a quarter of the whole, the number of men sent will comprise only three-quarters of the total originally fixed.

Intervention for Hungarian Communists

The international military commission at Budapest was authorized by the supreme council today to intervene in favor of some of the more moderate communists who have been condemned to death by the authorities in the Hungarian capital.

Authority to intervene to this end has been granted by the commission. There are still a considerable number of the less extreme communists awaiting execution in Budapest, the commission reports.

At this morning's session of the council the question last remaining to be decided was the complete Hungarian peace treaty were taken under consideration. The Hungarian delegates are expected to arrive this evening. They will probably receive the full text of the treaty on Monday or Tuesday next.

How many times it may be given the delegation for consideration of the peace terms is not known as yet.

The precise date for the conference of the powers on the Turkish question still remains uncertain, and there is even doubt as to just what form this conference will take and exactly who will participate. Ambassador Wallace has thus far received no instructions regarding participation.

EXPECTS WILSON TO ISSUE CALL

For the First Meeting of the League of Nations.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—President Wilson "will no doubt" issue the call for the first meeting of the league of nations under the peace treaty when the treaty is actually in effect through the exchange of ratifications of three of the allied powers and Germany, Under Secretary of State Polk said today.

"I think there is hardly a doubt that the president will issue the call," Mr. Polk said, "in view of the fact that he is especially charged with this duty by the treaty and it has nothing to do with ratification by the United States."

Mr. Polk added that he had no advice from President Wilson and the other entente premiers while he was in Paris as head of the American mission, when they asked whether the president would issue the call.

ANTI-STRIKE CLAUSE FAVORED BY GRANGERS

Reports on Referendum Thus Far Received Are Unanimous in Support of That Feature of Railroad Bill.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—Results of the recent referendum in the national grange on the anti-strike provisions of the Commerce railway bill, all of which are expected to be introduced by the Senate agriculture committee, this morning, Jan. 6, showed that the grange committee to-morrow by the grange's executive committee, which began its sessions here today. It was announced that as far as heard from, the results of the referendum were unanimously in favor of retaining the anti-strike clause.

The committee also will present the views of the grange on the packer legislation to Chairman Gurnea of the Senate agriculture committee. These views are expressed in a tentative bill prepared for presentation to the Senate. It provides for strong government control of the packers to be administered by a national food commission.

SWORN IN FROM SICK BED.

Mayor Verette of Manchester, N. H., Begins Second Term.

Manchester, N. H., Jan. 6.—Mayor Moie Verette was sworn in for his second term from his sick bed, where he is confined by rheumatism, this morning. City Clerk William K. O'Brien administered the oath in the presence of the mayor's wife and son, Virgil, who is also the mayor's secretary. It is the first time in the city's history, it is believed, that a mayor has not been at the inauguration ceremony.

Mayor Verette's address appealed for economy until the legislature could be asked for a greater tax limit. It was read to the new city government by City Clerk O'Brien.

The new board of aldermen contains eight Democrats and seven Republicans.

YOUNG HERO SAVED THREE

Twelve-Year-Old Calvin Gates, Ayer Village, Mass., Rescued Them from Fire

Haverhill, Mass., Jan. 6.—Twelve-year-old Calvin Gates saved his two sisters and baby brother from death today when he carried them from their burning home in the Ayer Village district. Flames were pouring from the house when discovered by the boy, the oldest of eight children. The mother saved the others. The house and all its contents, valued at \$3,000, were destroyed.

WHILE THE MOTHER SAVED FOUR MORE

Young Boy Carried His Two Sisters and a Baby Brother to Safety

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FROZEN HYDRANTS HAMPERED FIREMEN

At York, Me., They Had to Thaw Out Hydrants With Fires Before Enabled to Get Water—One Building Destroyed.

York, Me., Jan. 6.—York village firemen fought fire with fire today, when they started blazes around hydrants to thaw out ice in order to obtain water to play on the Golden Cross building. The building was practically destroyed, but surrounding property was saved by the water thus made available. James Ellis, a fireman, suffered severe cuts, which caused him to be sent to a hospital. The loss was estimated at about \$15,000.

Straw's bakery, the F. E. Johnson Hardware company, and the carpenter's union, in whose rooms the fire started, were burned out, as were the tenements of two families, whose members were forced into the streets in zero temperature.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

On Day After They Moved Into a Tenement in New York.

New York, Jan. 6.—Two persons were burned to death today in a fire which swept through the upper floor of a four-story tenement house on First avenue. The dead are Mr. and Mrs. John H. Swanderon, who moved into the apartment yesterday.

THREATEN PROSECUTION FOR BACK OFFENSES

U. S. Government Will Begin Action Against Those Who Have Sold 275 Beer Since Oct. 28.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—Immediately after the supreme court upheld the constitutionality of provisions of the Volstead act prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquors containing more than one per cent of more, all of which are expected to be introduced by the Senate agriculture committee, this morning, Jan. 6, showed that the grange committee to-morrow by the grange's executive committee, which began its sessions here today. It was announced that as far as heard from, the results of the referendum were unanimously in favor of retaining the anti-strike clause.

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ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL EXERCISES

Were Held To-day on First Anniversary of Roosevelt's Death.

New York, Jan. 6.—Memorial exercises for Theodore Roosevelt, who died one year ago today, were held here and in other cities throughout the country today. Many of the former president's friends made a pilgrimage to his grave at Oyster Bay.

The Roosevelt Memorial association, which is collecting funds to perpetuate his memory, made the day the occasion for increased efforts to obtain new members to assist in the work.

R. I. HOUSE RATIFIES.

Vote Was 89 to 3—Senate Will Vote Late To-day.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 6.—The House of Representatives today at the opening session of the general assembly ratified the woman suffrage amendment by a vote of 89 to 3. It is expected that the Senate will vote upon the resolution later in the day.

A Famous Officer Demoted.

The ways of the war department are beyond understanding. The morale of the general staff, whose chief figures of Dec. 24, which reveal resignations of 2,336 officers who had received recognition for meritorious service. Among the demoted is Frank E. Bamford, who commanded the Yankee division at a critical moment in the Argonne battle. He was a lieutenant colonel when detailed to the command of a brigade as brigadier general in the 1st division was sent to command the 28th division and then, on Oct. 17, was recommended by General Pershing for promotion to a major general. The war department has dropped him back to lieutenant colonel and has assigned him to the 18th in C. A. Hant, who by the register of the army is a captain and about 500 points below Bamford.—Hartford Courant.

WOMEN DEMAND EQUAL REPRESENTATION

They Think That Chairman Hays' Statement Indicates Such Admission to Republican National Committee.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Republicans from 14 middle western states today continued their work of molding party issues and laying plans for the participation of Republican women in the 1920 presidential campaign.

Demands of Republican women for equal representation on the national committee of the party and a sentiment, reflected in speeches of prominent party leaders, to deal vigorously with the labor and industrial situation as one of the chief issues of the election campaign were the principal developments of the conference which began yesterday.

Many of the women today regarded their demands for "a fair representation" in the party organization as virtually confirmed by the statement of Will Hays, chairman of the national committee, "that the Republican party offers the women everything we offer the men."

Plans for the national convention next June also were launched and arrangements for the fitting up of the Coliseum, with alterations allowing a seating capacity of 13,187, were made. Edward P. Thayer of Indianapolis was elected sergeant-at-arms for the gathering.

Resolutions adopted by the Republican women urged the national convention to take action to double membership of the national committee giving each state representation by one man and one woman. The resolution urged that the policy be extended to all party committees both state and local.

TWELVE DEMOCRATS ON SPEAKERS' LIST

For the Jackson Day Dinner to Be Held in Washington on Thursday Night.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—Twelve of the leading figures of the Democratic party, including most of those prominently mentioned for the presidential nomination, are on the list of speakers made public today for the Jackson day dinner to be held here Thursday night.

A message from President Wilson will be read first at the banquet and speeches will be made by the following: William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of the Interior; Charles D. Ives, Secretary of the Treasury; Charles D. Ives, Secretary of the Treasury; Charles D. Ives, Secretary of the Treasury.

Three new cases were entered this morning, as follows: State vs. George A. Long, murder (the Broadwell case); mandamus proceedings in the case of Charles Bianchi vs. Judge of probate William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of the Interior; Charles D. Ives, Secretary of the Treasury; Charles D. Ives, Secretary of the Treasury.

The supreme court took a recess at noon because of the annual meeting of the Vermont bar association and will resume to-morrow morning the reading of opinions.

Williams Case in Doubt. "Will the case of State vs. Williams be argued this morning?" was the question that ran through the minds of the attorneys when Attorney General F. C. Archibald stated that only a few days ago had he received a brief from the prosecuting parties, and that he did not know as it would be possible to brief the case before the term of court.

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\$20,000 VERDICT WAS UPHELD

Vermont Supreme Court Finds It Not Excessive in Dyer vs. Lalor Case

DEFENDANT HAS SINCE PASSED AWAY

Two Other Opinions Were Handed Down at Montpelier To-day

A breach of promise judgment of \$20,000, which was considered excessive by the defendant, was affirmed by the Vermont supreme court in an opinion handed down at the opening of the January term today. This judgment was given in Rutland county court in the case of Anna C. Dyer vs. Charles H. Lalor, both of the city of Rutland, with banks in Rutland as trustee defendants.

Since the verdict was rendered in Rutland county court, the defendant had died, so the case as it appeared in supreme court today was really against the estate of the defendant. The chief ground on which the case was brought to supreme court was the claim that the verdict of \$20,000 was excessive; but there were numerous other exceptions as to the exclusion of evidence.

In the Rutland county case of Henry W. Clement vs. Rutland County club, the judgment was affirmed, but the decree was amended to read that Clement was to receive five-eighths of seven-eighths of the spring water in question.

In the Chittenden county case of W. W. Smith vs. H. H. Reynolds, a suit over the sale of telephone stock, the judgment of the lower court, which the plaintiff to recover \$4,627 was reversed as the case remanded.

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